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THE CHRONICLE

VOL. XI. NO. 17.

CROSSFIELD, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, APRIL 26th, 1918.

PRICE \$1.50 A YEAR.

WM. LAUT

A Sample from Our HARNESS STOCK

Trimmings-Bright Finish

Bridles-7/8th inch concord winkers, flat side checks, flat Concord winker stays.

Hames-Steel Bolt, Ball Top.

Traces-Ring or through Style, 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ inch layer.

Pads-Felt Lined, 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ inch billets.

Bellybands-Folded.

Breaststraps-1 $\frac{1}{2}$ inch, with slides and snaps.

Martingales-1 $\frac{1}{2}$ inch.

Lines-1 inch, Full Length, with snaps.

Breeching-Five Ring style, 1 inch.

PRICE \$65.00

COMPARE THIS WITH OTHER PRICES.

William Laut,
GROCERIES, HARDWARE,
IMPLEMENT, HARNESS.

CROSSFIELD DISTRICT
CO-OPERATIVE ASSOCIATION U.F.A.
LIMITED.

We have everything in Lumber, Cement, Woodfibre, Lime, Bricks, Sash Doors, Storm Sash and Inside Finish, Shingles.

We have a car load of Salt, Cattle, Dairy and Table. Fire Insurance.

Lethbridge Coal

Drumheller Coal

Tamarac Posts Formalin

Barbed Wire Plow Shares

Hog Wire Paint

CHAS. HULTGREN
Notary Public and Commissioner for taking Affidavits

Conveyancing of all kinds of Legal Papers such as

TRANSFERS, MORTGAGES, AGREEMENTS OF SALE, LEASES,

Drawing up of WILLS. Etc. Etc.

INSURANCE and LOANS my Specialty.

Agent for John Deere Implements & Maxwell Automobiles.

CHAS. HULTGREN, Crossfield

J. A. VALIETTE, LL.B.,
BARRISTER-SOLICITOR-NOTARY
Room 3 Alberta Hotel, Crossfield
every Saturday, from
2-30 p.m. to 8 p.m.
Calgary Office: 510a First Street West.
Phone #1462.

Money to Loan.

Local and General

A number of our neighbors have commenced garden operations, and it now behoves fowl keepers and keepers of other livestock in the village to remember the Bye-law prohibiting these being at large.

Sam Christian completed drilling for water on W. Laut's house site, having gone down 65 ft. He has removed his outfit to Bert Thomas' farm where drilling operations were commenced.

CHURCH OF THE ASCENSION
4th Sunday after Easter, April 28.
8 a.m. Holy Communion
10 a.m. Sunday School

11 a.m. Morning Prayer & Service
7-80 p.m. Evening
Collection in aid of the Women's Auxiliary Everybody Invited.

A meeting was held in the Drug Store on April 18th, for the purpose of re-organizing the Tennis Club. After the election of officers various suggestions were made as to fixing up the old Tennis Courts, which during the last two years have become like prairie land. A band of workers got together on Tuesday night and burned off the long grass.

The CROSSFIELD CASH STORE

D. A. JEFFERY, Proprietor.

There is an opportunity to secure a quantity of Royal Household Flour (WHITE) in 24, 49, 98 Pound Sacks at a Special Price till May 1st.

A Car of Royal Household Wax Flour due Shortly. This car will contain several tons of

Bran and Shorts.

Better arrange to secure a quantity on arrival.

Mill Feeds will be very scarce this summer.

Men's Boots, Shoes, Overalls, Furnishings,
FRESH FRUITS, GROCERIES.

Phone 33. Food Control License No. 8-1183

CROSSFIELD GARAGE
C. C. SMART, Proprietor.

Agent for CHEVROLET CARS.

AUTOMOBILE REPAIRING.

All Kinds of Ford Repairs in Stock. Tires & Accessories.

Rebuilders of Stationary, Traction Gasoline or Steam

Engines and Separators.

Manufacturer of Coulter Patent Clothes Reels.

Your Oil Opportunity

IN A REAL GROUND FLOOR PROPOSITION

In order to secure sufficient funds to start our drilling operations we are offering our stock at below the par value. We absolutely guarantee to raise the price of this stock as soon as our operations start on our leases. You are thus afforded an opportunity to double your money in a short time. Our advice is to buy now while you can at the present price of 5 cents per share.

Our leases are in four fields, including one piece of property in the justly famous Warm Springs Dome. This is proven ground and we should bring in oil well there immediately without any difficulty. We will also prospect the Manderson Dome of Wyoming, the Carbondo Dome of Montana and the Clark Fork Dome of Wyoming, as well as a large acreage in proven Kansas fields. Oil from either one of these structures will mean a fortune to our stockholders.

5 Cents Today
Buy Now 5

Clark Fork Oil Co.

TWO RIGS PURCHASED AND READY TO DRILL

C. B. McMENAMIN, Pres.

CHAS. A. LEWIS, Tres.

C. G. HOLCOMB, Secy.

Head Office - 7½, Selby Building,
Billings, Montana.

FULL PAYMENT COUPON.

CLARK FORK OIL CO., BILLINGS, MONT.

I desire to subscribe for _____ shares
of Clark Fork Oil Company Stock at 5 cents
a share and am enclosing herewith _____

for \$ _____
in full payment for same. I want this stock
in my hands before the next drilling. It is
understood that if I do not fully satisfy
after I have received your information and
printed matter, this remittance will be re-
turned to me in full at any time within ten
days from the date of this remittance.

Stock to be in the name of _____

Street and No. _____

Town or City _____

State _____

INQUIRY COUPON.

CLARK FORK OIL CO., BILLINGS, MONT.

Please send me at once full information re-
garding the Clark Fork Oil Company. I am
anxious to know all about it before the next
advance in the price of stock.

Name _____

Street and No. _____

Town or City _____

State _____

Vast Issues Depend Upon the Welfare of Our Men!



Cheer Up and Thank God for the Y.M.C.A.

TRY to picture yourself in the muddy cold trenches after exciting days and long nights of mortal danger and intense nervous strain. Rushing "whiz-bangs" and screaming "coal boxes" are no respecters of persons. You are hit! But despite shock and pain you still can face the long weary trudge back to dressing station. Weary, overwrought and depressed, you are prey to wild imaginings of that other coming ordeal with the surgeon. There are other "walking wounded," too! You must wait, wait, wait. And then—

Up comes a cheery Y.M.C.A. man, the ever-present "big brother" to the soldier, with words of many encouragement. Close beside the dressing station the good generous folks at home have enabled him to set up a canteen. He hands you biscuits, and chocolate or coffee.

YMCA Red Triangle Fund

\$2,250,000, May 7, 8, 9

Canada-Wide Appeal

"In thousands of cases," writes an officer, "it was that first hot cup of coffee that dragged the man back to life and sanity." The tremendous helpfulness of the Y.M.C.A. as an aid to the "morale" or fighting spirit of the soldiers is everywhere praised. No wonder the Germans make every effort to smash the Y.M.C.A. huts out of existence.

The Y.M.C.A. is everywhere. You first met the helpful, many Y.M.C.A. worker in camp, then on train and boat, at camp in England and in France, close to the firing line. Often he risks his life to reach you in the trenches. He has won the warmest praise from military authorities, statesmen—the King! Have you a precious boy at the front? You cannot be "over there" to guide him away from fierce temptations of camp and city. You cannot comfort him in his supreme hour of trial. Your parcels to him are necessarily few. But the Y.M.C.A., thank God, is "over there," going where you cannot—doing the very things you long to do—dig it for you and for him.

Will you help? This vast organization of helpfulness needs at least \$2,250,000 from Canada for 1918. For your boy's sake be GENEROUS!

National Council, Young Men's Christian Association Campaign Directors for Western Canada

British Columbia: J. S. Rankin, 607 Board of Trade Bldg., Vancouver
Alberta: John Hanna, City Hall, Calgary
Saskatchewan: T. D. Patton, Y.M.C.A., Regina
Manitoba: J. H. Crocker, 1106 McArthur Bldg., Winnipeg

Keep a Pig

It Will Help to Keep You

Buy a Victory Bond

War Work Summary

There are:
—66 branches of Canadian Y.M.C.A. in France.
—79 branches in England.
—Dozens of Y.M.C.A. dug-outs in forward trenches under fire.
—Over 120 Military Secretaries overseas.
—300,000 letters a day written in Y.M.C.A. overseas buildings.
—\$133,000 needed for athletic equipment. (Helps morale of soldiers.)
—Y.M.C.A. saved hundreds of lives at Vimy Ridge by caring for wounded.
—Over 100 pianos in England and France, also 300 gramophones and 27 moving picture machines.
—Y.M.C.A. helps boys in hospitals.
—More than 60,000 cups of hot tea and coffee distributed daily in France free. (Estimated cost for 8 months, \$10,000.)
—150,000 magazines distributed free every month. (Estimated cost \$15,000.)
—\$12,000 used in 1917 to build Y.M.C.A. in France.
—Concerts, sing-songs, good-night stories and personal interviews energetically conducted. Concerts, lectures, etc., cost \$50,000.
—Thousands of soldiers... for the better life.

Y.M.C.A. sells many needed supplies for soldiers for their comfort. Price, if any, all spent for benefit of soldiers.
—Services to boys in Camp hospitals.
—Red Triangle Clubs for soldiers in France, St. John and Montreal. Centres in Paris and London for men on leave.
—Out of Red Triangle Fund, \$75,000 to be contributed to the War Work of the Y.W.C.A.

Boys!

Here's your chance to do a fine stroke in the big war! Help the Y.M.C.A. to help your brothers overseas by joining in the

Earn and Give Campaign

Six thousand Canadian older boys are invited to earn and give at least Ten Dollars (\$10) to the Red Triangle Fund. That means \$60,000 in all! Splendid! Five thousand dollars will be used to buy work in India and China; another \$5,000 for the National Boys Work of Canada, and \$10,000 to help bring brothers in India. And your local Y.M.C.A. representative for information and pledge card. When you have earned \$10 or more units of Ten Dollars you will receive a beautifully engraved certificate.

"These Are Mine"

Terrible experiences on board a German submarine were recounted by a Glasgow man, Captain Hurrell, "Master" of the Scotch steamer *Baron Semillip*. The ship was sunk by a submarine. All the Germans in the boat came in contact with spoke English fluently." The German "commander searched a handbag he was carrying and took fifty dollars in English notes, saying, "These are mine." The Hun then took Captain Hurrell into the conning tower, stood at his elbow pistol in hand, and told him he was an "English dog," and could go into his boat. His parting shot was, "You probably know that the war will be finished before you get home." After a single voyage of three hundred miles, lasting nearly five days, the Baron Semillip's crew fell in with a ship by which they were rescued in an exhausted condition.

Farmers Insure your Buildings in the Wawanesa Mutual Fire Insurance Co. A Company of the Farmers and for the Farmers only. Costs only about 35 cents a year for \$100 Insurance.

Chas. Hultgren, Agent.

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTHWEST LAND REGULATIONS.

THE sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter-section of suitable Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the district. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency), on certain conditions.

Duties.—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. The land must be within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required to be built on the land, on certain conditions.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Price \$3.00 per acre.

Settler.—To the residence in each of three years after claiming his homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent may be obtained as a homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his home- stead right may take a purchased homestead on certain conditions. Price \$3.00 per acre. Duties.—Must cultivate six months in each of three years, cultivate fifty acres and erect a house worth \$100.00.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, stony or scrubby land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. COH, C.M.G.,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for

FOR SALE

THAT WELL KNOWN SHIRE STALLION

"Armourer"

(imp) [834] (29037)

Brown face, hind legs and near fore leg white, foaled 1909, bred by Ernest A. Midwinter, Sutton-on-Trent, Newark, England, imported in June, 1911, by Stewart Walker, Sampson, Alta.

DAM: Tudor Queen of Flowers (58629)
Sire: Anthony Gertrude (37347)
Custom Model (6018)

Mettle

SIRE: Wensley Crusader (24751)

Eastern Hardoll (12808)

Willington Wolesley 3rd (17083)

Hardoll (3703)

Sweet William (2003)

Can be seen in particular, price etc.,
A (Robersons) Ranch.
Phone R12, Airdrie.

FOR SALE — A Two-year old Pure Bred CLAYDESDALE COLT.

Apply to R. ALONOTT,

Crossfield.

OREGON AND CALIFORNIA RAILROAD CO. GRANT LANDS. Title to same vested in United States by Act of Congress dated June 25, 1916. Two million acres in thousand acre lots to be opened for Homesteads and Sale.

Timber and Agricultural lands containing some of best land left in United States. No taxes or rentals. Large sectional maps showing lands and description of soil, climate, rainfall, elevations, etc.

Postpaid One Dollar.

Grant Land Company, Box 910, Portland, Oregon.

We are prepared to give Lowest Estimates and do the work forth-
with, town or country. Write or
phone, McINTYRE & CHITTICK,
Builders and Contractors, 1008-12th
Avenue W., Calgary. Phone w4828.

We are open
to execute
Your orders
For Printing
of any description

Before sending

out of town

Call at the

Chronicle Office.



There are opportunities to put your surplus funds to profitable use without indulging in dangerous speculations.

Ad. in our Classified Want Columns will put you into communication with borrowers who have good security, and who are willing to pay good interest for accommodation.

Copyright 1917 by W. W. Roberson

Get a Gray-Dort from Kastor and Dorsal, Airdrie, or A. W. Gordon, Crossfield.

Advertise in the
"Chronicle"
It will Pay You.

I will buy your Coyote and Rat Hides, bring them to me at Crossfield, or write me at Box 161, and I will call for them. GEÓ. M. PERRY.

Co-Operative Wool Selling

Manitoba Government Again Undertakes Work of Marketing

Just at the present time the securing of a good clip is of the utmost importance because of the heavy demand for woolen goods for soldiers' wear. In order that the rapidly increasing amount of wool can be marketed in the best possible condition during 1917, the Dominion live stock branch and the Manitoba department of agriculture are making forth a concerted effort that is bound to have decided results. The Manitoba department of agriculture will again, in 1917, be the co-operative to sell wool consigned to it. Also, it is sending Circular 33 to all known sheepmen. Even those sheep owners, it is, any, who may not be members of the co-operative, will be asked to have their clip marketed in the best possible condition during 1917.

The Dominion government is supporting the movement by placing an expert in the field for the next two or three months. Dr. H. M. Stetson, a sheep and wool specialist, is now touring Manitoba, personally visiting sheep owners and practical co-operative men and their better care of the fleece. When he has completed his work, Mr. Stetson will have practically a complete census of the sheep of Manitoba.

Any questions regarding sheep keeping or wool handling addressed to the Manitoba department of agriculture will be answered either by Mr. Stetson or one of the provincial or Agricultural college authorities in touch with that matter.

The department, acting as agent for the farmer, will, on July 10, 1917, receive the clip delivered in Winnipeg, where it will be weighed, stored and graded under the supervision of expert wool graders supplied by the Dominion department of agriculture. The wool will then be sold on grade for the highest obtainable price.

On receipt of wool, the department is prepared to make a cash advance up to two-thirds of the local market price, the balance to be paid as soon as the clip is received. For the selling price the department will retain only a sufficient sum to cover actual expenses, which it is anticipated will approximate 1 cent per pound.

In every case payment will be made according to grade, and as the grade of wool is largely affected by the care of the sheep, flock owners would do well to observe the suggestions offered.

Transportation charges on all shipments should be prepaid by the farmer. Shipments from points having no railway agent may be sent freight collect. On these the department will pay the freight, and deduct the amount from the price when making settlement.

Wool sacks, 40 inches wide and 71-2 feet long, holding 200 to 250 lbs. each, can be supplied through the department, delivered by express or parcel post at a cost singly of 8 cents each. Paper twine, the price of which the shipping fees will also be supplied at a charge of 1 cent per skein. Any saving effected by the placing of orders for 100 or more sacks will be credited to the farmer's account. Cash for sacks or twine should accompany orders. Sacks will not be returned to the farmer.

What Kitchener Did

Built Up an Army Out of the Spirit of Service and Enthusiasm

Kitchener built up his armies out of the spirit of service and enthusiasm and resorted to conscription to keep the army going. With us, we are to be temporary, the others are about; we should begin to build our new armies out of the slacker. When Kitchener accepted conscription it was as a temporary expedient. It certainly could have had no empty fears of militarism. Only Kitchener, being a professional, thought coolly instead of hotly. He was not, however, incapable of extraordinary reasoning which maintains among us today that volunteer service will not give us an army. Well, then, the Royal Artillery can take a volunteer force of men, over and under the fixed volunteer age, and have it ready for the time when the country needs it. The truth is that Kitchener faced the problem not only as a soldier, but as an Englishman. As such it was impossible to grow an independent army that could be brought into the very bone of the people should trouble come before the first severe test. A professional English soldier considered only with reference to the conservation of great civic tradition, and then only as such as might be.—New York Evening Post.

Offenders Not Wanted in Army

It is alleged in Ottawa, that there are growing demands throughout Canada to let men found guilty of serious crimes enlist.

Sir Edward Kenny strongly deprecates this course of action, as he does not believe that the most dependable soldiers, and, moreover, he does not consider that they are welcomed in the ranks.

From the Gulf Coast To Western Canada

Americans From Texas Give Their Impressions of Western Canada

Under the caption, "The Gulf Coast to Western Canada," Messrs. A. R. Collins and S. C. Collins, formerly of Galveston, Texas, and now of Kenaston, Saskatchewan, contribute the following record of their impression of Western Canada:

"Leaving Galveston, Texas, the 'Treasure Island City of America,' with a load of cotton, the two young Americans, on the 29th of January, 1917, were journeyed northward. As we emerged from the western climate we were curious to observe the effect of cold weather upon the life and activities of the people.

"As we were now about to say good-bye to the Gulf Coast, we asked the question, 'What are you going to Canada for?' The answer was, 'To Win-a-peg of course.'

"Arriving at the port of Manitoba, on Feb. 8, we found a beautiful city and as full of life and motors as any through which we had passed. Winnipeg is one of the fastest growing cities in the continent. In 1906 the population was 69,000, in 1916 it was 163,000. Situated mid-way between the east and west, and of easy access to the Great Lakes, as well as to the Americans, Winnipeg has already become a city of great commercial importance.

"Continuing our journey westward from Winnipeg 400 miles to Kenosee, Saskatchewan, other surprises awaited us. Much of this new country we found covered with straw-stacks, nice houses and large fields of painted red, reminding us of southern Minnesota.

"Passing through Regina, city of 40,000, we came to a small town, which we had not expected to find, situated on the prairie destination. We find here an ideal wheat country, a nice growing town and prosperous people.

"There are some great hustlers here among the farmers. To show what has already been accomplished a few examples will suffice.

"Larson, a farmer, six miles south of Kenosee, raised last year 22,000 bushels of wheat; Mills Bros., three miles west, threshed the past season 30,000 bushels of wheat and sold same for \$50,000. Hugo Torgerson had 22,000 bushels. In Torgerson's case, \$40,000 worth. Win. Rowse, whose farm is 15 miles northwest of town, had 20,000 bushels in 1916.

"There are others, large and small, doing well, and still there is room and welcome for more. Good land can be had for \$55 an acre.

"This town has three churches and a nice two-story brick schoolhouse. There are several good stores, four telephones, a post office, a system reaching every farm house, good water is obtained at 30 feet.

"Last, but not least, Saskatchewan has adopted prohibition. There are no liquor houses in the town, bars in this country where liquor is sold.

"All told, Western Canada is with its healthy climate, good black soil, good churches, a school system second to none, other happy and prosperous homes to all."

Few Insect Pests are Known

Wireworms, Cutworms and Green Bug in Limited Numbers

In the West

Compared with other agricultural regions, Saskatchewan enjoys an unusual immunity from insect pests, there being only a half-dozen varieties of insects which have ever done any serious damage to crops.

The most spectacular, of course, was the onslaught of grasshoppers or locusts, which occurred about the middle of June, when, in Western Saskatchewan, in common with practically the western prairie section of the American continent was devasted by them.

Lord Willoughby, one of the old timers in this section, recounted his experiences with the locusts, says the Saskatchewan Star:

"The first year I tried to raise any crop. I had six acres of wheat, as pretty as anything you ever saw. The locusts, in the flying stage, devoured all the wheat, and the grasshoppers, which followed, ate the stalks.

"There were, however, a few stalks left, and these were not eaten by the locusts, which had eaten all the wheat.

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Besides the locust, there are wireworms, little animals which attack the wheat in case it is planted the first year after breaking. For this reason, it has become customary in the district to sow flax on the land. There is the wheat sawfly, the larvae of which get inside wheat stems and work down, weakening the stems so that they break easily.

There are also the green bugs, a species of plant louse, which has done considerable damage to wheat in the United States. These are cutworms, also, but these confine their activities mainly to garden plants.

Piracy and Murder On the High Seas

Captain Kidd's Acts Are no Worse Than the Germans'

The "Leontine" is a tale of modern piracy and murder which rivals any of the unauthenticated history of Captain Kidd.

The "Leontine" is the name of the high seas on the morning of March 25, 1917. The schooner "Leontine," carrying 230 tons of mackerel, was lost on the 23rd of March at two o'clock. Two days later the "Leontine" was stopped by a long range shot from a German submarine.

The crew, led by Captain Thorner, made a dash for the submarine, but were beaten to it by the Germans.

The "Leontine" was a charnel house so far as the human material aboard could make it. Her captain, slightly wounded, was the only survivor. The bridge, returned to the deck and courageously carried two of the victims to shelter forward. The "Leontine" was now nothing like a ship but a floating incendiary shell, the stern started a fire in the stern. The blaze, however, did not spread, and the crew retreated to the submarine and a party came aboard to sink the "Leontine" with bombs.

Seeing that all the crew was either killed or wounded, the boarders placed their bombs and prepared to leave. On the deck, the first mate and cabin boy, the latter a child of nine years, fearing the explosion, appealed to the enemy. Relying on their shots answered their appeals. Aboard the submarine, the crew which crowded deck applauded this act with laughter and applause.

Shortly before the first bomb exploded aboard the "Leontine," the submarine turned and steamed to a safer port. The explosion was heard on the German side. The first mate, who survived the double injury, faintly called to the captain that another bomb was about to explode. The mate, holding the cord, cut the cord. The first bomb had done the work. Water was lapping in the waves and a sudden gust of wind threw it strongly to port and she capsized immediately.

The crew, led by the number-captain, first mate, cabin boy and a sailor whom the captain aided to hide himself forward, were thrown into the sea and managed to keep afloat. The sea was so rough that they could not get away.

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Essentials of Community Growth

Every Person Must Be Interested in Order to Obtain the Desired Results

Speaking on the subject "Water a Factor in Community Development," before the convention of the Western Canada Irrigation Association at Lethbridge, Prof. W. S. Thorner, Director Extension Service, State College of Washington, made a point that many of the most successful communities have developed by turning their former mistakes and failures to good account.

"The growth of a community is an evolution of the largest kind and development must be expected in a year or even ten years," said Prof. Thorner. "In fact our most successful communities have developed out of a series of very radical changes. Rapid evolution of a community starts at once in the developing of an industry that remains the principal industry of the town. The high point of evolution of some of our most successful agricultural communities shows that their principal industry at the present time is the result of serial misfortunes and failures, and, while it is thought he was the deciding factor, he is proven to be only an incident in the development."

"A community would be successful if it must early in its development learn that true meaning of co-operation and the meaning of a co-operative organization means more than the mere gathering together of a few of the business men of the town. This co-operation must include not only the business men, but also the wives of these men, every person must be interested in some way or other the best way to be found, and the best way is absolutely folly for a few men to endeavor to bear the load of a community when all are to be benefited by its development."

"Seven factors are necessary for the proper development of the community, according to Prof. Thorner, and he enumerates them as follows:

1. The Productivity of the Soil.

2. Market and Transportation Facilities.

3. Good Roads and Streets.

4. Good Schools and Churches.

5. An Intelligent Reading People.

6. Suitable Parks and Recreation Areas.

7. Pleasant, Comfortable, Beautiful Homes.

These are conditions which can be found generally in Western Canada and it depends, perhaps, more upon the number five—an intelligent reading people—than upon other conditions just as it depends upon the development of the community. Nature has provided her share and success or failure depends on the people themselves.

Caring for the Wounded

Increasing Number of Disabled Canadian Soldiers Being Cared for Here

More than twice as many disabled Canadian soldiers are now being cared for by the Military Hospitals Commission as were on the rolls at November 1, 1916.

A year ago the total was about 1,530. By December 2, 1916, there came a slight ebb, but at Christmas time it had been flowing steadily and by the end of the year was 3,000.

At the present time there are 4,000 men on the rolls, and by the middle of July, it is expected that the people of the country will have given evidence as to whether they are going to support the early rationing plan. Harvest conditions available also will be a factor in determining whether the rationing scheme shall be put into operation.

Rationing Plan For Britain

Vast Army of Officials to Attend to Scheme With Their Regal Duties

Whether the people of the United Kingdom will respond to the appeal for voluntary bread and wheat flour rationing is to be largely determined by King George's proclamation and posters and pamphlets issued by the ministry on food, remains to be seen, but in the meantime the ministry is working hard to put the finishing touches on the minnows which will be established for compulsory rationing unless the country cuts down its consumption sharply of its own volition.

The rationing of 45,000,000 people presents a tremendous and intricate problem. The ministry, however, believes that the scheme will be largely successful.

Baron Hirsch, in his scheme, presents the main idea of the British plan is decentralization, the whole United Kingdom has been divided into 120 areas, each of which has been subdivided into cities, boroughs, urban district councils and rural district councils. These final small units can be charged with distributing bread and flour to the residents in their territory through bread cards or some similar plan.

A rationing committee composed of Sir Edward Devonport, Kennedy Jones and other prominent men, will decide what rations are to be established, what divisions there would be of the population to cities and other districts. His committee, another advisory committee would handle the finances and a further committee under Lord St. Davids controls the rations.

A vast army of something like 50,000 officials, will comprise the rationing workers, sent to 120 areas, districts, etc., and be under the direction of Alfred Butt, who is well known on both sides of the Atlantic as a theatrical manager. He will be responsible for distributing the food and cards.

Fifteen committees will have a committee who will be responsible to the national rationing committee. Each major area also would have many minor controllers, who would be responsible to districts and sub-districts.

It will take about two months to instruct those who are being appointed by the food controller in their districts, rations, etc., and by the middle of July it is expected that the people of the country will have given evidence as to whether they are going to support the early rationing plan. Harvest conditions available also will be a factor in determining whether the rationing scheme shall be put into operation.

Alberta's Coal Resources

The Second Largest Coal Producing Province of Canada

Alberta is now the second largest coal-producing province of Canada. Franklin 60 per cent. of the total deposits of the Dominion are to be found within the boundaries of the province of Alberta, and up to the present have not been touched to any appreciable extent.

The reason for this, of course, is the small home trade, the population of the province is small, and the coal fields being less than two millions.

At the same time, Southern Alberta has an economic value in excess of a portion of over twenty millions in the United States, south of the international boundary, a market which consumed fully one hundred million tons of coal annually.

One object of such a transference would be to develop the coal fields of Alberta, which are of high quality, practically every variety, including bituminous and lignite varieties being mined.

Last year nearly five million tons of coal were produced in Alberta, and it is apparent that with the year to go the coal industry will enter a new chapter.

The number of wounded, of course, must now be expected to rise, as the fighting goes on. But the medical men here have not been able to keep up with the number of cases.

The shipment of thousands of convalescents to Canada and the return of an increasing number of cured men from Canada have been a great help.

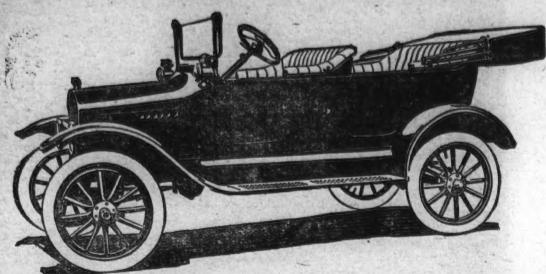
There are Canadian invalids in England, now, from 4,000 to 5,000, from 1916 to 1917.

The latest figures show 8,926, showing a reduction of 261; in sanatoria for convalescents 92, a reduction of 13; British hospitals 5,527, a reduction of 527.

"Why do you dislike your teacher, Willie?" asked his mother. "I don't exactly dislike her, mother," replied Willie, "but it's perfectly plain to me why she never got married."

"Was it now a crime

Was it a crime in overfeeding or throwing away of "scraps" — is a crime against the State, the community and the individual, wherever it be practised, in which a man can bring home to masters and mistresses, as well as to servants, we can rest in full assurance that our friends will not be put in prison in the various parts of the country with the comparatively slight sacrifice required from those living in the security of these islands. — London Daily Telegraph.

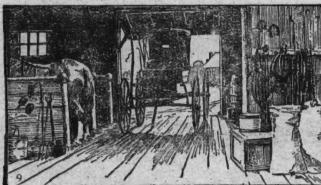


A Ford Car Takes the Place of all These Things

WHEN you own a Ford you can do away with many articles that are a source of continuous expense to the man who still drives a horse. For instance, not only your driving-horse and buggy, but the single harness, blankets, whips, currycombs, brushes, horse-shoes, pitch-forks, feed-bins, etc.

In their place you have a speedy, dependable, dignified, roomy Ford Car—complete in itself. It is vastly superior to the narrow, cramped buggy that travels so slowly. And when a Ford is standing idle it does not eat three meals a day, and it requires no "looking after."

A Ford will save you time, trouble, and money. It is the utility car for the busy farmer and his family.



Ford
THE UNIVERSAL CAR

Touring	-\$595
Runabout	-\$575
Coupe	-\$770
Sedan	-\$970
Chassis	-\$535
One-ton Truck	-\$750

F. O. B. FORD, ONT.

LESLIE FARR, Dealer, Airdrie.



PRISONERS OF WAR

Many appeals are now being made for PRISONERS OF WAR. It is entirely unnecessary for any other organization except the Canadian Red Cross Society to collect for Canadian Prisoners of War, as the Society supplies these men with bread and other food to the Maximum permitted, tobacco and clothing, as allowed by the regulations.

CANADIAN AVIATORS being in the Imperial Army receive their parcels from the Central Prisoners of War Relief Committee, unless by request they are taken over by the Canadian Red Cross Society, which has already and is ready to undertake again to adopt Canadian aviators in this service, by paying over from the Society's funds, the necessary amount for their parcels, without making any further appeal to the public for this object.

Canada's donations to the British Red Cross and Allied Red Cross Societies, help to furnish funds for the care of British and Allied Prisoners. Any Person or Community supporting the Canadian and British Red Cross is thereby providing also for Canadian British and Allied Prisoners.

Returned Canadian Prisoners report that the Canadian Red Cross parcels are arriving safely and are most satisfactory.

CANADIAN RED CROSS SOCIETY, Head Office, TORONTO.
ALBERTA PROVINCIAL RED CROSS SOCIETY
REX THEATRE BUILDING, CALGARY.

Message to Farmers

By Hon. T. A. Crerar.

Hon. T. A. Crerar, Minister of Agriculture, has sent out the following message to Canadian farmers, asking them in order to avert famine to plant every possible acre in wheat. "Let me again draw the attention of the farmers of Canada to the great need there is of planting every acre of land in wheat that seems favorable of growing it. The news that comes daily of that awful, grim struggle now being fought in France and Flanders brings home to us clearly and unmistakably this fact that, after almost four years' war, human liberty is still in the balance. The call for men is urgent, and they must, to the full limit of our power, be sent. Their places at home must be taken by those who remain. Despite the difficulties, we must produce more food than we have ever done before. Set apart all your land fit for growing crops and plant as much wheat as you can. Plan to bring as much new land on your farm under cultivation as possible, and thus increase your acreage for next year. It will be needed then just as much as now."

Baron Rhonda's Message

To Canada.

"Germany hopes first to starve the Old Country by the submarine campaign, and then to smash her land forces. She has failed to starve us, but we cannot achieve victory without food. There never was a time when it was more needed. The Canadian farmer now has the opportunity to make an effective reply to the enemy's pressing on slights by bending his undivided energies to increased production."

Legal Notice

APPLICATION FOR LEASE OF ROAD ALLOWANCE OR SURVEYED HIGHWAY

Notice is hereby given that S. Farquharson, of Sampson, has made application to the Minister of Public Works, Edmonton, for a lease of the following road allowance or surveyed highway, viz.: Between the North-East 1/4 of Sec. 32-28-3, 5, and the North-West 1/4 of Sec. 33-28-3, 5; between the East 1/4 of Sec. 33-28-3, 5, and West 1/4 of Sec. 34-28-3, 5.

Any protest against the granting of the above mentioned lease must be forwarded to the Minister of Public Works, Edmonton, within thirty days from the date of this notice.

Dated at Sampson,

S. FARQUHARSON,
(Applicant.)

April 22nd, 1918.

We are open
to execute
Your orders
For Printing
of any description

Before sending
out of town
Call at the
Chronicle Office.

Second to None

GALT COAL

SOLD BY
ATLAS LUMBER CO., LTD.,
CROSSFIELD. J. S. JOSE, Local Manager.

Crossfield CASH MEAT MARKET

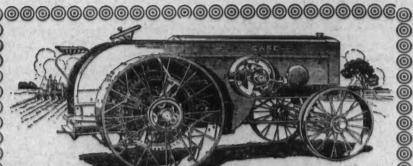
Fresh and Cured Meats and Fish always on hand

Good Variety of Smoked Meats at the Lowest possible Prices.

We are always open to buy Beef Cattle or Stockers. If you have anything to sell call and see us. Best prices paid.

Phone 24. Highest Price Paid for Hides and Poultry.

TIMS & CUMING, Props.



J. I. CASE T. M. Co.'s full line of PLOWING and ROAD BUILDING MACHINERY is sold by A. W. GORDON.

FARM LANDS FOR SALE,
LIFE INSURANCE. LIVE STOCK INSURANCE
FIRE INSURANCE & HAIL INSURANCE.

Erining the World Together

The League of Nations and Its Economic Weapons

That out of this war will come a League of Nations pledged to the peace of the world is one of the dearest aspirations of the American people and the hope of all humanity. It is a League of Nations, in fact, and it has been endorsed in principle by all the governments of the allies, and, in fact, by representatives of all the neutral governments. It has been generally assumed that this would be a League of Peace, and, as such, many difficulties have been suggested in the way of uniting the world in a League of Peace. The idea was put forth by President Wilson when the United States was a neutral. British statesmen agreed with the American suggestion, but inquired doubtfully as to whether America would actually fight to enforce its decrees. America is now fighting to the death, and the British have fought to create it, would fight, if necessary, to maintain it.

There was to be a League of Peace, however, for such a league would be foredoomed to failure by reason of its character. By employing the economic boycott to its full power, the League of Nations would become a league of force, and no people need be called upon to fight to prevent fighting. This is the message to the world that is contained in the president's message to the American people. The formation of such a league does not require the consent of all nations at the beginning, but it would be a success when the allied war council met in Paris with America represented. If the nations now at war against the Central powers were to join such a league, it would be joined at once, or very soon, by all countries now neutral, and Germany, Austria and Turkey would be soon drawn into the fold. It might need a slight preliminary economic pressure, as suggested by President Wilson, to bring all the neutral states to the same mind being a system of preferences to all those who joined the league voluntarily.—J. D. Whalley in the *Fortnightly Review*.

British Troops On All Fronts

Knowing the Quality of Our Soldiers Makes Comming Struggle More Resolute

In the heat of warhing before the culminating struggle of the war began in France a brief summary of the military situation as it affects the British empire will be reassuring. The war is not yet decided, despite the tremendous issues hanging in the balance.

Great Britain and the overseas dominions have at least two million soldiers in France, Italy, and the trenches. Germany has no greater number. Possibly more of the Germans are veterans than the British but this is only a slight determination and tenacity of the latter.

A highly significant fact must be taken into account when comparing the fighting strength of the British and the German troops today. It is this: that during the battles of 1917 the German divisions (one and a half million) were defeated by three-quarters of a million of British troops. This is Sir Douglas Haig's statement and is thousand percent dependable.

It will be seen, therefore, that two million British troops by themselves are more than a match for the Germans on the western front.

But Britain and the Dominions have other great responsibilities. They are defending a highly important section on the line of the Pyrenees. The Maestrazgo area, north of the town of Nervosa, is certain to be the scene of heavy fighting when the Ascanians regain their efforts to break through the Tropes.

Then there is the Macedonian war theatre where the forces which have been almost impotent for the last two years are attempting to put the garrisons out of the war. Add to this comes Mesopotamia and Palestine where the Turks, with the troops released from the Balkans, will doubtless make a desperate attempt to re-take their lost territory.

In 1918 on all these battlefields British troops are arrayed against the Central allies. And on the sea the British navy may be called upon to face the naval might of Germany. On the guns of the sailors of the empire, and the sailors of the dominions, the world will assuredly make a fate of the war and of the world's democracy.

Nevertheless, they who know the British race best at home and overseas are least afraid.—From the Vancouver World.

"Good morning, I came to tune your piano."

"Piano? But I didn't send for you."

"No, madam, but the neighbors said I ought to call."—The Passing Show.

"Conceited, isn't he?"

"Once, I even thought he had enough of me that day when he bought his first Liberty bond."—Topeka Capital.

The Voluntary Pledge

Food Rationing Not a Legal Question, But a Moral One

Rationing is a subject that is receiving much newspaper attention in Canada at present. It is a thing that is not new, but it was three years ago that it became a topic of public discussion. That must be the only excuse for some things which are written. The general assumption is that rationing must be carried on. It is just as some people, though price-fixing could, by a mere wave of a hand, when it is remembered that there are now over half a million people are scattered over an area greater than the state of Ontario at once: "Who is to answer for the rationing scheme?" Rationing means that each family would be under an obligation not to eat more on any particular day than it had been set aside in the beginning of the month.

It would not be hard to make a rule that so much bread should be eaten by each person as a meal. But the question is, who would have wanted to attend to the execution of the order? Even the making of orders that would be carried out in a large scale would be a burden to those who have difficulties little thought of. In the Maritime Provinces fish is plentiful and comparatively cheap.

But more fish is not needed "at the front" to anything like the same extent that bread and wheat are most utilized.

What rationing plan could ignore the customs of the country? Yet immediately here a discrepancy appears.

One might prescribe the use of bread, but its incidence would be unequal from the first.

There is, however, only one in which the food supply could be rationed, and that is by a voluntary pledge of each household.

In these words this is nothing more than a suggestion.

The saving of the foodstuffs that are known to be wanted by the allies.

No amount of talking can make up all the time lost in the war.

It is not a legal question, but the left to the conscience of each household head.

There is no better way for the present in which the world is in a state of war to actually help in the fight in Europe for moral uprightness and purity.

It is in practice in each home, but the most carefulness to avoid waste which would have to be done under a compulsory rationing plan.

In a way this is a new factor which hitherto it has not been possible to utilize. The Canadian soldier is here more than ever dedicated to aid. So are women's work.

The Dominion has had to do with Red Cross and similar works of mercy. This organization is now in full swing.

Every woman who saves bread, butter, and flour products is in fact and deed waging an unseen weapon in the war as truly as her sisters behind the trenches are in caring for the broken and the maimed.

Gold and Silver

Cannon Balls

How a Woman Prevented the Entry of the Capturing Force

Treasure

Once upon a time—it was near the end of the sixteenth century—the city of Ahmadnagar, in Hindustan, was besieged by the conqueror Akbar.

The ruler of the city was a woman named Princess Suleh. Further, she had become a widow, and Akbar was already reckoning up the value of the treasure of gold and silver (an enormous hoard) that was on the point of falling into his hands.

But the princess was a resourceful woman. Besides she was "mad with rage." She had a plan up her mind that Akbar should not possess himself of the treasure.

What she did you never would have occurred to her or to me. She had all the gold and silver taken out of storage, melted and cast into canons.

Then upon each cannon ball she had engraved a malediction against the conqueror, and then all of them were sent up from her cannon into the outgoing of the city. And when the city he found the treasury empty.

To show that the story is no myth one of the cannon balls was picked up, and a long and terrible journey in the jungle without a mile from Ahmadnagar, it was black and looked like an antiquated iron rod—so black the old man carried it, and it was solid gold. It weighed eight pounds, and was worth nearly \$2,000.

Homeless Flying Men

"Once," a British pilot relates, "I was at a dinner with some other Flying Corps chaps at a big house at the table, and she kept asking questions. Everyone tried to shut her off. Our fellows all tried; even the officers tried, but it was no good. At last it got us rather out of countenance. Awful questions, too. Finally she turned to a pal of mine and de-

manded: 'What's the Goddam difference between a British pilot and a German?'

The parts of the Goddam hawk in England are being made into walking sticks by disabled soldiers.

Fisherwomen of Britain Become Heroines in War

Telephone Operators, Too, Get Medals for Bravery While Plants are Destroyed

A special to the New York Herald from London.

Heroism in civil life has come to be almost commonplace in an empire torn by the bitter world struggle, but singular instances are noted that the world has never seen before. Nearly 400 jutards for self-sacrifice in time of danger have been distributed in England. As many women as men are telephone operators, and they have earned the admiration of all London by their fearlessness in attacking to their posts in the face of intense fire, and from flying bombs hurled from German Zeppelins and airplanes. Some of those who are now wearing medals are Alice Abbott, Alice Clarke, Florence Marie Cass, Ethel E. Hickley and Bertha F. Fisher. These girls have been in the service of the telephone companies of London and have received gifts from citizens. They are of the same type as the New York telephone operators, who have to do with their work no matter how many bombs are falling about them.

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IDEAL FOR ALL BRANCHES OF SERVICE.



Auto-Stop SAFETY RAZOR

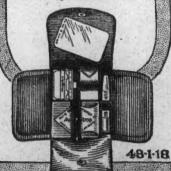
THE AutoStop Razor is always in the pink of condition—so "up to date once over" will convince with comfort every particle of hair.

It is kept in that excellent condition by means of its stroping feature—it is the only safety razor market that sharpens its own blades automatically.

Guaranteed to Satisfy

COMPLETE OUTFIT \$5.00 AT ALL STORES

AutoStop Safety Razor Co., Limited
83-87 Duke St.—Toronto, Ont.



48-18

Carmen's Messenger

—BY— HAROLD BINDLOSS

WARD, LOCK & CO., LIMITED
London, Melbourne, and Toronto

(Continued.)

In a sense, this was puzzling, for she had, in an extra degree, the fastidious refinement that marked the taste and with a touch of quiet haughtiness. Although she often smiled, she was characterized by a resolute calm, and her glance was steady and level. Alice was tall, with unusual and singular features, brown eyes, and brown hair, but Foster could not analyze her charm, which was somehow strengthened by a kind of mystery. There was a glow of the fire and imagined that she once or twice gave him a glance of thorough scrutiny.

The room was glistening dust, but light from the bare boards and the red glow outside filled the large oblong of the casement window. Dark fir branches cut against the lurid colors of Foster, looking out, saw the radiance of light through the straight rows of trunks.

"Something like Ontario, isn't it?" said Featherstone, indicating the trees.

"Yes, in a way, but there's a difference," Foster replied. "In eastern Manitoba and Ontario the bush is all thorny and tangled and runs right eight hundred miles. The small pines are all burned in places; in others they're wrecked and rotten, and lead through each other like wet drunk. Then you can travel all day without finding an opening, unless it's a lonely lake or a river tumbling among the rocks."

"I'm not so bad at all," Mrs. Featherstone remarked. "We must hope you will find your stay here a pleasant change."

MURINE Granulated Eye Ointment.
Sore Eyes. Eyes Infected by
Dust, Dust and Wind quickly
healed. It is a safe, strong
medicine for your Eyes and in Baby's Eyes.
YOUR EYES are Searing, but Eye Comfort
Marine Eye Remedy. At Your Druggist, or by
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and New York. MURINE COMPANY, Chicago
and New York.

W. N. U. 1202

"The curious thing is that it doesn't feel strange. All I've seen so far, including the Garth, seems familiar."

"But perhaps that isn't remarkable. You are English and were, I dare say, brought up in the country and used to our mode of life."

Foster saw Alice glance at him and felt he must be frank.

"You have said 'my life in England was different from yours.' It was spent in monotony and, when I went home at night to a shabby room in a street of small houses, with a too late, I might say, too early, supper, I was often too dejected to think of amusements. Twice I spent a glorious ten days among the hills, but that was in England, and I was spoilt by tramway lines and smoke, and the holidays cost a good deal of self-denial. Railway fares were a serious obstacle."

Alice smiled, but he thought the look she gave him hinted at approval.

"Self-denial isn't so unusual as you seem to think," she said, "but how something like that at the Garth?"

"But you sent me partner money when he sent me," Foster answered, wondering how far he could go. "The last time it was a large amount and helped me to get a room in a corner. In fact, we should have come for a time if it hadn't come, and I remember feeling it was owing to friends that I never saw, because I shared the benefits with your brother. In its Western sense, partner means more than a business associate."

"It's all right," Alice rejoined quickly, but with meaning.

"The main thing is that the money seems to have been well spent," Featherstone interposed. "For all that, I don't know much about what Lawrence did with it, or, indeed, about his life in Canada."

"It's curious that one gets out of the way of writing home in the West, and often difficult to give one's friends a clear idea of how one lives. Things are different."

Mrs. Featherstone smiled, and Foster saw that his English make could be amiable, though nothing was understood. Featherstone, however, was franker than he expected.

"There were good reasons for Lawrence's not writing home, but they made it awkward for me to write to him for a time. You can now

Wonderful for the Blood!

Cures Sallow Skin, Headache, Langor and Tiredness

You don't need to be told how you feel—blue, sort of sickish, poor appetite, vague pains, tired in the morning. This condition is common at this season.

Featherstone, there is prompt relief. Dr. Hamilton's Pill, which immediately relieves the system of all poisons and disease-producing matter.

Thousands have been so utterly depressed, so worn out as to be dependent, but Dr. Hamilton's Pill always cured them. "I can speak freely on the power of Dr. Hamilton's Pill," said Dr. C. F. Featherstone of Kingston. "Last spring my blood was thin and weak, I was terribly run down, had awful headaches and aching joints, and a bad case of stomach. I couldn't sleep or work until I used Dr. Hamilton's Pill; they did me a world of good." At all dealers in 25c boxes.

tell us what he has done in Canada. We want to know."

Foster began with some hesitation, relating how he had first met his chum in the charred mud mud-sills a log camp and a log cabin with the bony lumberjacks. The men were beaten, but Lawrence and two or three more from the river gang would not give in, and started a rain-shed lumber camp with very little food, which a sympathetic cook stole for them, on a long march to the nearest settlement. There they took up residence in a log cabin, and Foster described how they lived in rude bark shacks while Lawrence attempted to save labor by putting a week's supply of desicated apples to soak at once, with the result that the floor of their cabin was covered with rotten fruit that had forced itself out of the pot. One of the gang, who went to start some fried pork, declared when the blanched apples chased him down the steps.

Featherstone's chuckle was encouraging, but Foster glanced at the fire and thought he read another emotion than amusement in her sparkling eyes. It was now nearly dark, but the glow of the fire touched the faces of his audience and nobody seemed to think of ringing for lights.

ARTICLES WANTED FOR CASH
Old—Jewellery; Plate; Silver; Curios; Miniatures; Pictures; Needles; Lace; Knitwear; Books; Old Books; Wristwatches; Rings; Table Ware.

Write to: Mrs. C. F. Featherstone, 28 and 30 College Street, Toronto, Ont.

to pieces and they slept for the most part, in the wet rags they wore by day. But when they got out until the work was done and paid for, Foster tried to do his comrade justice and thought he had not exaggerated, for he had seen the chum's face, but he had encouraged the rest and smoothed over difficulties that threatened to break up the gang.

Then he stopped and glanced at the other, wondering whether he had said too much or had drawn a picture they shrank from contemplating. Alice's eyes were steadily fixed on him. Mrs. Featherstone looked grave, but there was a hint of proud satisfaction in her husband's face. Somewhat to his surprise, Foster had not jarred or bored them.

"You made good; I believe that's the proper phrase," said Featherstone.

Foster did not. His adventures had not appeared remarkable when they happened, and he did not think himself much of a story teller, but he meant to do his best. His partner asked. It would be more fitting if he could show Lawrence the proper courage and cheerfulness with which he had faced his troubles, still, he thought it better to vary the theme and related how they engaged themselves as salesmen at a department store, where they were required to scrub the drags and prescribers for conducting customers until a mistake that might have had disastrous consequences led to his being fired. Foster

had not given up, and started a small fruit stand, with a very poor

knowledge of the art for a railroad construction gang. Their

lives were hard, but Lawrence had

discovered a way to make ends meet

when Lawrence attempted to save labor

by putting a week's supply of desicated apples to soak at once, with the result that the floor of their cabin was covered with rotten fruit that had forced itself out of the pot.

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In all countries. Ask for our
TURK'S ADVISE, which will be sent
MARION & MARION,
354 University St., Seattle.

He went on to describe his return in winter from a worthless mineral claim, where they had remained until the snow surprised them when they had to travel nearly down. Eight or nine miles a day, when the trail they could drag their hand sledge through the tangled bush, and Foster had his foot frozen through sleeping in wet boots. The part galled into a wound, but with provisions running out they could not stop to rest. The tent and the sledges had been torn to shreds away and Lawrence hauled him on the sledge over rocks and fallen logs, with the temperature at forty degrees below zero, until they reached a frozen river down which he glided against a savage wind.

(To be continued.)

Advertisement in a street car, Halifax, England. "There are friendly ties and business ties and family ties of birth, But the shilling ties we advertise are the finest ties on earth."

COPENHAGEN CHEWING TOBACCO

One of the reasons why Copenhagen Chewing Tobacco is becoming more and more popular is, because it does not offend the taste.

It is not chewed; on the contrary, a small pinch is placed in the mouth between the lower lip and gum.

This gives complete satisfaction without any after-taste.

Copenhagen Chewing Tobacco is scientifically prepared, of the best old, ripe, flavorless leaf tobacco.

It is in the form of small grains, and being so rich, full and ample quantity should be placed in the mouth.

"It's the most economical chew."

Parcels for Soldiers

SHOULD BE PROTECTED BY

Para Sani-Wrapper



A heavily coated, strong waxed paper, moisture proof and air proof. The pleasure of the boys in the trenches will be doubled if their eatables and smokes are received in good condition.

Para-Sani Household Rolls



PARA-SANI is put up in rolls, and a convenient cabinet is supplied that may be fastened in a convenient place in the kitchen. PARA-SANI is better paper than is usually supplied in sheets and cheaper in the long run.

Write for particulars or ask your dealer.

Appleford Counter Check Book Co., Ltd.

Hamilton, Canada

W. N. U. 1202



No Halfway Measures
Under a "sketchy little thing", exhibited by Jones there hangs a printed card which bears the words: "Do not touch with canes or umbrella".

An appreciative small boy added the following postscript: "Take an axe."

He Knows Just Why He Admires Them

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS CURED MRS. MERCREDI

She Had Been Ill Two Years and Could Find No Cure. That's Why Her Husband is Enthusiastic Over Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Fort Smith, Alberta, (Special)—Among all the thousands of Canadians who praise Dodd's Kidney Pills for the good they have done, there is one man who deserves a crown of the greatest kidney remedy, than I dare Mercredi, of this place.

"Yes, it always gives me pleasure to say a good word for Dodd's Kidney Pills. Mr. Mercredi, my wife was sick for two years. We could not find anything to restore her health. Then we found a pamphlet telling of several persons who had been cured by Dodd's Kidney Pills.

We then used just two boxes of them and she was perfectly well, to the great surprise of all our neighbors. They can tell you the same thing. I cannot recommend Dodd's Kidney Pills enough."

Dodd's Kidney Pills are the greatest of all remedies for weak, suffering women. They cure the kidneys. The kidneys are the root of nineteen diseases. Moreover, Dodd's Kidney-cured kidneys mean pure clear blood all over the body. That means good health everywhere.

Speeding Up at Panama

The operation of the Panama Canal has been speeded up so that vessels are passing through the isthmus more than four times in a day, or two or three big windjammers were sometimes loaded and double-headed through the Canal in doublets, taking the Straits of Magellan usually took a similar period of time. Surely the narrow thread of water raised above the oceans is fulfilling expectations. — From the Panama Canal.

WEAK, NERVOUS PEOPLE

Such Sufferers Can Be Restored by Building Up the Blood

Never seemed to have been yet developed a disease that can be diagnosed and treated by the medical profession has the greatest trouble in finding relief. Irritation, headache, depression, etc., may overset all these discomforts and make miserable, but are endured rather than run a doctor's bill without finding hope of an improved condition.

Every sufferer should know the danger of such a condition to his health, as it is a nervous condition and even paralysis may result if the tone of the nerves is not restored.

The one big fact that brings relief is that the nerves can be strengthened by building up the blood. It cannot be too often repeated that only through the blood can nourishment or medicine reach them.

With Dodd's Kidney-cured kidneys mean pure clear blood rich and red and quickly restores vitality and strength to a weak, nervous system. A nervous person given these pills will be almost certain to see good results, and what is more, the benefit will be lasting because the trouble is attacked at the very root. That is why people who occasionally take Dr. Williamson's Pink Pills always feel better, and why Dr. J. W. Wm. McIntyre, Gananoque, Ont., says: "For a number of years I was always tired and listless. The least exertion would make my heart would flutter, and I would feel as though I were choking. I was almost unable to work for hours and always so nervous that life was almost a burden. I tried several medicines, but they did not help me in the least. One day I received a package from Dr. Williamson's Pink Pills and decided to give them a trial. I am glad now that I did for after using eight boxes they have so strengthened my system that I can now sleep soundly and feel well again. I can work with pleasure and feel refreshed after a night's sleep. I sincerely hope that other sufferers may benefit by my experience."

If you are weak, nervous or feel "out of sorts", give Dr. Williamson's Pink Pills a trial. You will be surprised to see how quickly the nervousness will pass away and your former energy return. You can get these pills through your nearest druggist, or mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williamson's Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Wide Rations for Hens

Don't make the hens and chickens dependent upon just insects, worms and wild herbs. Give them a skillful, well balanced, table and garden waste and grain. Feed them well. Eggs are increasing in price.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia.

"Pardon me, madam—but I can't see for that hat."

"Well, you're nothing to grumble about—I can't see for it myself."

Cassell's Journals.

No matter how deep-rooted the corn or wart may be, it must yield to Holloway's Corn Cure if used as directed.

Officer-Conscientious objections? Ridiculous! If you were to come and find a burglar with a gun, a burglar, wouldn't you interfere?

No sir! I'd leave the burglar to his fate.—Life.

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, etc.

The little Irishman was being examined for admission to the army. He seemed all right in every way except one. The doctor said, "You're a little stiff."

Quickly the Irish blood mounted as the applicant replied: "You're a big stiff!"—Vancouver Province.

Woe to the Conquered

If anyone was under illusion about the war in Germany, that illusion must be dispelled by the severe terms imposed on Russia. If anyone supposed that there was hope in the liberal movement in the central powers, the subsequent news shows that to be a dream. The German terms are the terms of ruthless conquest. Germany's motto is the motto of the peasant: "Die anderen sind die verquedten!" The world's only safeguard is to defeat Germany in her chosen field and with her own weapons. There is no use pleading with the savage dog!—Kansas City Times.

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32

A Record of Shame

Unexampled Breach of Every Consideration of Humanity

In the house of commons at London, A. Bonar Law, the majority leader, declared that the German U-boat fleet had to destroy no less than 14,120 non-combatant British men, women and children. There is nothing to parallel this chronicle of wanton destruction of animals and naval warfare.

No matter what excuse Germany may offer, no matter what crooked logic she may bring to bear, these figures and no doubt they will be multiplied before long, will constitute an ineffaceable blot upon her shield.

She can never escape the charge of being an offence to the capital of her culture and her efficiency.

She is forever condemned by her unexampled breach of every consideration.

There is no other argument to convince her that the facts and the figures speak for themselves.—Providine Journal.



Strength

Life's greatest assets are Health and Strength and without these existence becomes intolerable.

The Human Body, under the best of conditions, is a fragile structure, easily susceptible to climatic conditions, over-heating, exertion, mental and physical exertion, which are continually maintained. The most sensible method of preserving health is that which contains Cacao-Extracts, Proteins and Para. COCOA is a most valuable food, containing all the necessary substances in a form that is not injurious to the weakest digestion. For the best and quickest results drink Cowan's Cocoa.

For the best and quickest results drink Cowan's Cocoa.

COWAN'S COCOA—
"Perfection Brand" Purest and Best

Remember, for the best and quickest results order this brand.

B-22

Where It Leads

"The fashions for women are getting more ridiculous every year," commented one man.

"Does that meet with your disapproval?"

"A bit. If this goes on this way

a few seasons more my wife will be willing to give up her motor car and ride in a baby carriage!"—Answers, London.

A Household Medicine. — They are acquainted with the properties of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil as the treatment of many ailments could not be carried on in the house. It is truly a household medicine and as it is effective in dealing with many ordinary complaints it is cheaper than a doctor. So, keep it at hand and use the oil it may come most unexpectedly.

Morgan Kingston, the famous operatic singer, now singing in New York (years ago he resided in the Nott's coalfield) has just received news from the younger of his two sons, who are fighting at the front. The younger son, who was lying in a field hospital, when he heard his father's voice singing, "I Hear You Calling Me." He said to the attending nurse, "I wish the man who is singing that record."

"Oh, no," answered the nurse,

"you must be mistaken for that is one of the world's greatest singers."

—London Daily News.

"That confounded rooster next door woke me with his crowing," said the husband, with a yawn. "Not satisfied with that, he kept on crowing for half an hour."

"Well," at in his wife, who knew what she was talking about, "to succeed in waking you up worth crowing about."—Ottawa Citizen.

Edition Went Like Wild-fire

"Was your last book a success?" "Of course!" The publisher sent the entire edition to my house just as we ran out of coal!"

As a verminicide there is no preparation that equals Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator. It has saved the lives of countless children.

"Even when a young woman rejects you for some other sailor it is not the part of a gentleman to criticize her."

"No?" questioned the rejected man.

"Positively not. None but a cad would in any way reflect upon a young lady."

"Well, I don't even suggest that I think she has poor taste!"—Detroit Free Press.



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